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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/643,404	08/18/2003	Takayuki Tanaka	59753 (48185)	3999
21874 75	590 10/19/2005		EXAMINER	
EDWARDS & ANGELL, LLP P.O. BOX 55874			KWON, BRIA	AN YONG S
BOSTON, MA 02205			. ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,			1614	

.DATE MAILED: 10/19/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/643,404	TANAKA ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
	•	Brian S. Kwon	1614			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apport Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl or period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period ure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailined patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)🖾	1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 8/28/03.					
2a) <u></u> ☐	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This	s action is non-final.				
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Dispositi	ion of Claims					
4)⊠ 5)□ 6)⊠	 □ Claim(s) 1-4 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. □ Claim(s) 1-4 is/are rejected. □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 					
Applicati	ion Papers					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document	s have been received. s have been received in Application rity documents have been receive	on No			
* 8	See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	d.			
Attachment	t(s)					
1) Notice	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary (
3) 🔲 Inform	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:	te atent Application (PTO-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

1. Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The specification discloses that the term "arterial wall injury" refers to injury caused by percutaneous transluminal angioplasty or coronary-artery bypass graft, particularly resternosis or neointimal formation (see page 11, para. 3 thru page 12, para.

1). As discussed above, causative factor(s) for the arterial wall injury is either percutaneous transluminal angioplasty or coronary-artery bypass graft.

However, claim 3 recites that the arterial wall injury is percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty (PTCA) or coronary-artery. Either PTCA or CABG is not freely interchangeable with the term "arterial wall injury" as the instantly claimed claim 3. Inconsistent with the instant specification, claim 3 leaves the reader in doubt as to the meaning of the invention to which they refer, thereby rendering the definition of the subject-matter of said claims unclear.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

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(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

2. Claims 1-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Nishi et al. (US 4857542).

Nishi teaches the administration of compound(s) represented by the formula I (i.e., 3-mehtyl-1-phenyl-2-pyrazolin-5-one) to mammals including human to treat or prevent circulatory disorders, wherein said compound(s) is administered at a dose of 1 to 100mg 1 to 3 times/day (oral), at a dose of 0.01 to 10 mg 2 to 5 times/day (intravenous injection, or at a dose of 1 to 100mg 1 to 3 times/day (intrarectal administration).

Although Nishi is silent about the prophylactic utility of said compound in preventing arterial wall injury, namely percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty (PTCA), coronary-artery bypass graft (CABG) or restenosis or neointimal formation after percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty or coronary-artery bypass graft, such prophylactic utility deems to be inherent the referenced method. The prior art directing administration of the same compound(s) inherently possessing therapeutic effect, in overlapping dosage amounts, as disclosed by Applicant anticipates the Applicant's invention even absence of underlying mechanism. Applicant's attention is directed to Ex parte Novitski 126 USPQ 1389 (BOPA 1993) illustrating anticipation resulting from inherent use, absent a haec verba recitation for such prophylactic utility. In the instant case, as in Ex parte Novitski, the claims are directed to preventing a malady or disease with old and well known compounds of compositions. The prior art administering compounds inherently possessing a protective utility anticipates claims directed to such protective use.

Conclusion

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3. No Claim is allowed.

4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Brian Kwon whose telephone number is (571) 272-0581. The examiner can normally be reached Tuesday through Friday from 9:00 am to 7:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Christopher Low, can be reached on (571) 272-0951. The fax number for this Group is (571) 273-8300.

Any inquiry of a general nature of relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (571) 272-1600.

Brian Kwon
Patent Examiner
AU 1614

BL